Exercises given with a numbering are from $Basic\ Analysis:\ Introduction\ to\ Real\ Analysis\ (Vol\ I)$ by J. Lebl.

Reading The Riemann Integral lecture notes, Section 6.1

Exercises

1. (a) Suppose that $f \in C([a,b]), f(x) \ge 0$ for all $x \in [a,b]$. Prove that if

$$\int_{a}^{b} f = 0,$$

then f(x) = 0 for all $f \in [a, b]$.

(b) Suppose that $u \in C([a, b])$ is twice continuously differentiable, $V \in C([a, b])$, $V(x) \ge 0$ for all $x \in [a, b]$ and

$$-u''(x) + V(x)u(x) = 0, \quad x \in [a, b],$$

$$u(a) = u(b) = 0.$$

Prove that u(x) = 0 for all $x \in [a,b]$. Hint: What's one of the most useful theorems in analysis mentioned in Lecture 22?

- 2. Exercise 5.3.1
- 3. Exercise 5.3.9
- 4. Exercise 6.1.2
- 5. Exercise 6.1.5

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